

RVAMPO Title VI Plan

Title VI, Environmental Justice and Limited English Proficiency – Approved September 27, 2012

Roanoke Valley Area Metropolitan Planning Organization (RVAMPO)



Roanoke Valley Area Metropolitan Planning Organization

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The 27th day of September, 2012

A RESOLUTION ENDORSING THE ROANOKE VALLEY AREA METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION "TITLE VI PLAN"

WHEREAS, Title VI of the 1964 Civil Rights Act provides that no person in the United States shall, on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance; and

WHEREAS, the Roanoke Valley Area Metropolitan Planning Organization (RVAMPO), as a subrecipient of federal financial assistance, is required to comply with Title VI and subsequent nondiscrimination laws; and

WHEREAS, the RVAMPO Title VI Plan is incorporated in the metropolitan transportation planning process as part of the Unified Planning Work Program and Public Participation Plan which identify the planning strategies and activities to be undertaken by the RVAMPO to reach out to minority, low-income and limited English proficiency populations; and

WHEREAS, the RVAMPO Title VI Plan ensures that the RVAMPO is in compliance with nondiscrimination requirements as outlined in Title 23 CFR and 49 CFR and related laws and provides specific information on how to file a nondiscrimination complaint.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Roanoke Valley Area Metropolitan Planning Organization Policy Board endorses the RVAMPO Title VI Plan, as presented.

Richard C. Flora

Richard C. Reora

Chairman



SUMMARY

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 states, "No person in the United States shall, on the ground of race, color, or national origin be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance." Subsequent laws and Presidential Executive Orders added handicap, sex, age, or income status to the criteria for which discrimination is prohibited. The Roanoke Valley Area Metropolitan Planning Organization (RVAMPO) Title VI Plan was developed to ensure the RVAMPO is in compliance with nondiscrimination requirements as outlined in Title 23 CFR and 49 CFR and related laws and provides specific information on how to file a nondiscrimination complaint

This Plan also provides an overview of Environmental Justice and Limited English Proficiency (LEP) concepts, definitions of Title VI and associated nondiscrimination acts, and how Title VI, Environmental Justice and LEP are incorporated into the metropolitan transportation planning process. Environmental Justice outreach strategies for minority, low-income, and LEP populations are included within the RVAMPO and RVARC Public Involvement Policy, updated in 2007.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This report was prepared by the RVAMPO in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Transportation (USDOT), the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), the Federal Transit Administration (FTA), the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) and the Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation (VDRPT). The contents do not necessarily reflect the official views or policies of the FHWA, FTA, VDOT, Department of Rail and Public Transportation (DRPT), RVAMPO or Roanoke Valley-Alleghany Regional Commission (RVARC). This report does not constitute a standard, specification, or regulation. FHWA, FTA or VDOT acceptance of this report as evidence of fulfillment of the objectives of this planning study does not constitute endorsement/approval of the need for any recommended improvements nor does it constitute approval of their location and design or a commitment to fund any such improvements. Additional project level environmental impact assessments and/or studies of alternatives may be necessary.

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The Roanoke Valley Area Metropolitan Planning Organization (RVAMPO), as a sub-recipient of federal financial assistance, is required to comply with Title VI and subsequent nondiscrimination laws, as well as provide an overview of how the RVAMPO addresses Executive Order 12898 on Environmental Justice and Executive Order 13166 on Limited English Proficiency (LEP). The purpose of this Title VI Plan is to describe the measures taken by the RVAMPO to assure compliance with the rules and regulations associated with Title VI and subsequent nondiscrimination laws, Environmental Justice, and LEP. The RVAMPO, for which this Title VI Plan is applicable, is the metropolitan planning organization (MPO) for the area around Roanoke, Virginia. The Title VI Coordinator, under supervision of the Executive Director, is responsible for coordinating the overall administration of the Title VI Plan and assurances.

Introduction:

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 prohibits federal agencies and sub-recipients of federal funds from discriminating, on the basis of race, color or national origin, against participants or clients of programs that receive Federal funding. Subsequent laws and Presidential Executive Orders added handicap, sex, age, or income status to the criteria for which discrimination is prohibited. This document addresses prohibition of discrimination as mandated by Title VI as well as by the authorities listed in the following section. In addition to nondiscrimination, this document provides information regarding two Presidential Executive Orders pertaining to fairness and inclusiveness. Executive Order 12898 mandates that federal agencies address equity and fairness, or Environmental Justice, toward low-income and minority persons and populations. Executive Order 13166 mandates that federal agencies ensure that people who have Limited English Proficiency (LEP) have meaningful access to federally-conducted and/or funded programs and activities. Detailed Environmental Justice guidelines and outreach strategies for minority, low-income, and LEP populations to comply with Executive Order 12898 and Executive Order 13166 are included in the following documents (newer versions of documents update and expand on previous versions): "RVAMPO and RVARC Public Involvement Policy updated June 2007;" "The Public Involvement Manual - Spring 2004;" and "The Public Participation Transportation Policy and Plan - Summer 2001." In addition RVAMPO demographic profiles and benefits and burdens frameworks are described in the following documents (newer versions of documents update and expand on previous versions): "RVAMPO Demographic Profiles 2035 Study Area Boundary Update -2008;" "Data Supplement to the Roanoke Valley-Alleghany Regional Commission Demographic Profile 2006;" "Roanoke Valley-Alleghany Regional Commission Demographic Profile – 2005;" and "Roanoke Valley Area MPO Demographic Profile - September 2004." The aforementioned documents can be found at http://www.rvarc.org/work/work.htm.

Title VI and Other Nondiscrimination Authorities:

Title VI is usually referred to in the context of federal nondiscrimination laws. Title VI is one of eleven titles included in the Civil Rights Act of 1964. The following is a list of all the Civil Rights Act titles:

- I. Voting Rights
- II. Public Accommodation
- III. Desegregation of Public Facilities
- IV. Desegregation of Public Education

- V. Commission on Civil Rights
- VI. Nondiscrimination in Federally Assisted Programs and Activities
- VII. Equal Employment Opportunity
- VIII. Registration and Voting Statistics
- IX. Intervention and Procedure after Removal in Civil Rights Cases
- X. Establishment of Community Relations Service
- XI. Miscellaneous

Title VI "declares it to be the policy of the United States that discrimination on the ground of race, color, or national origin shall not occur in connection with programs and activities receiving federal financial assistance and authorizes and directs the appropriate federal departments and agencies to take action to carry out this policy." Any organization that receives Federal funds is bound to comply with Title VI.

Since the Civil Rights Act of 1964, other nondiscrimination laws have been enacted to expand the range and scope of Title VI coverage and applicability:

- The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 prohibits unfair and inequitable treatment of persons displaced or whose property will be acquired as a result of federal and federal-aid programs and projects.
- The Federal Aid Highway Act of 1973 states that no person shall, on the grounds of sex be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving federal assistance under this title or carried on under this title.
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 states that no qualified handicapped person shall, solely by reason of his handicap, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity that receives or benefits from federal financial assistance. This Act protects qualified individuals from discrimination based on their disability.
- The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 states that no person shall, on the basis of age, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance. This act prohibits age discrimination in Federally Assisted Programs.
- The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, P.L.100-209 amends Title VI of the 1964 Civil Rights Act to make it clear that discrimination is prohibited throughout an entire agency if any part of the agency receives federal assistance.
- The American Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990 prohibits discrimination against people with disabilities in employment, transportation, public accommodation, communications, and governmental activities.
- 23 CFR Part 200 Federal Highway Administration regulations: Title VI Program and Related Statutes Implementation and Review Procedures.
- 49 CFR Part 21 Nondiscrimination in Federally-Assisted Programs.

- 23 CFR Part 450 Federal Highway Administration planning regulations.
- 23 CFR Part 771 Federal Highway Administration regulations, Environmental Impact Procedures.

In addition to the laws listed above, two executive orders must be taken into account when ensuring compliance with federal nondiscrimination laws, directives, and mandates:

- Executive Order 12898 Environmental Justice (February 11, 1994), a presidential mandate to address equity and fairness toward low-income and minority persons/population. Executive Order 12898 organized and explained the federal government's commitment to promote Environmental Justice. Each federal agency was directed to review its procedures and make environmental justice part of its mission. U.S. DOT Order 5610.2 (April 15, 1997) expanded upon Executive Order 12898 requirements and describes process for incorporating Environmental Justice principles into DOT programs, policies, and activities. FHWA Order 6640.23 (December 2, 1998) FHWA Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations.
- **DOT Order 5610.2** on Environmental Justice summarized and expanded upon the requirements of Executive Order 12898 to include all policies, programs, and other activities that are undertaken, funded, or approved by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), the Federal Transit Administration(FTA), or other U.S. DOT components.
- Executive Order 13166 Limited English Proficiency (August 11, 2000), a presidential directive to federal agencies to ensure people who have limited English proficiency have meaningful access to services. Executive Order 13166 ensures federal agencies and their recipients to improve access for persons with Limited English Proficiency to federally-conducted and federally assisted programs and activities.
- The National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969 addresses both social and economic impacts of environmental justice. NEPA stresses the importance of providing for "all Americans, safe, healthful, productive and aesthetically pleasing surroundings," and provides a requirement for taking a "systematic interdisciplinary approach" to aid in considering environmental and community factors indecision-making.
- FHWA/FTA Memorandum Implementing Title VI Requirements in Metropolitan and Statewide Planning This memorandum provides clarification for field officers on how to ensure that environmental justice is considered during current and future planning certification reviews. The intent of this memorandum was for planning officials to understand that environmental justice is equally as important during the planning stages as it is during the project development stages.

Environmental Justice:

On February 11, 1994, President William J. Clinton signed Executive Order 12898: Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which directs federal agencies to develop strategies to help them identify and address disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects of their programs, policies, and activities on minority

and low-income populations. The Executive Order was also intended to provide minority and low-income communities with access to public information and opportunities for public participation in matters relating to human health or the environment. Adverse effects as described in Executive Order 12898 is the totality of significant individual or cumulative human health or environmental effects, including interrelated social and economic effects, which may include, but are not limited to:

- Bodily impairment, infirmity, illness or death.
- Air, noise, and water pollution and soil contamination.
- Destruction or disruption of:
 - man-made or natural resources
 - aesthetic values
 - community cohesion or a community's economic vitality
 - the availability of public and private facilities and services
- Adverse employment effects.
- Displacement of persons, businesses, farms, or non-profit organizations.
- Increased traffic congestion, isolation, exclusion or separation of minority or low-income individuals within a given community or from the broader community.
- Denial of, reduction in, or significant delay in the receipt of benefits of the RVAMPO programs, policies, or activities.

Environmental Justice joins social and environmental movements by addressing the unequal environmental burden often borne by minority and low-income populations. The right to a safe, healthy, productive, and sustainable environment for all, where "environment" is considered in its totality to include the ecological (biological), physical (natural and built), social, political, aesthetic, and economic environments.

Environmental Justice helps to ensure that programs, policies, and activities that have adverse effects on communities do not affect minority and low-income populations disproportionately. To prevent discrimination as described in Executive Order 12898, the Federal Highway Administration Order 6640.23 *Order To Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations* dated December 2, 1998 defines minority and low-income individuals and populations as follows:

Minority – a person who is Black, Hispanic, American Indian and Alaskan Native, or Asian American:

- Black a person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.
- **Hispanic** a person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

- American Indian and Alaskan Native a person having origins in any of the original people of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.
- **Asian American** a person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian subcontinent, or the Pacific islands.

Minority Population – any readily identifiable groups of minority persons who live in geographic proximity, and if circumstances warrant, geographically dispersed/transient persons (such as migrant workers or Native Americans) who will be similarly affected by a proposed program, policy or activity.

Low-Income – a person whose household income is at or below the United States Department of Health and Human Services poverty guidelines.

Low-Income Population – any readily identifiable group of low-income persons who live in geographic proximity, and, if circumstances warrant, geographically dispersed/transient persons (such as migrant workers or Native Americans) who would be similarly affected by a proposed program, policy or activity.

Environmental Justice is incorporated through all phases of the transportation planning and programming process. Detailed Environmental Justice guidelines and outreach strategies for minority, low-income, and LEP populations to comply with Executive Order 12898 and Executive Order 13166 are included in the following documents (newer versions of documents update and expand on previous versions): "RVAMPO and RVARC Public Involvement Policy updated June 2007;" "The Public Involvement Manual – Spring 2004;" and "The Public Participation Transportation Policy and Plan – Summer 2001." In addition RVAMPO demographic profiles and benefits and burdens frameworks are described in the following documents (newer versions of documents update and expand on previous versions): "RVAMPO Demographic Profiles 2035 Study Area Boundary Update – 2008;" "Data Supplement to the Roanoke Valley-Alleghany Regional Commission Demographic Profile – 2006;" "Roanoke Valley-Alleghany Regional Commission Demographic Profile – 2006;" and "Roanoke Valley Area MPO Demographic Profile – September 2004." The aforementioned documents can be found at http://www.rvarc.org/work/work.htm.

Limited English Proficiency:

On August 11, 2000, President William J. Clinton signed **Executive Order 13166: Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency**. The Executive Order requires federal agencies to examine the services they provide, identify any need for services to those with limited English proficiency (LEP), and develop and implement a system to provide those services so LEP persons can have meaningful access to them. The Executive Order also requires that federal agencies work to ensure that recipients of federal financial assistance provide meaningful access to their LEP applicants and beneficiaries.

Individuals who do not speak English as their primary language and who have a limited ability to read, speak, write or understand English can be limited English proficient, or "LEP." For an LEP individual,

language can present a barrier to accessing benefits and services, understanding and exercising important rights, complying with applicable responsibilities, or understanding other information provided by federally funded programs and activities. These individuals may be entitled to language assistance at no cost to them with respect to a particular type of service, benefit, or encounter.

The United States Department of Transportation guidelines require that recipients of federal financial assistance provide "meaningful access to programs and activities" by giving LEP persons adequate and understandable information and allowing them to participate in programs and activities, where appropriate. Recipients of federal funds must take reasonable steps to remove barriers for LEP individuals.

The Roanoke Valley-Alleghany Regional Commission (RVARC), which is the lead staff agency and fiscal agent for RVAMPO, has an account with LLE-LINK Telephonic Interpreting Service. With this system staff can call the service during a meeting and a language specialist can interpret using a speakerphone in real time. The following frequently requested languages are available on a regular basis through the system (Spanish, Vietnamese, Korean, Polish, Arabic, Cantonese, French, Japanese, Mandarin and Russian). In addition over 60 other languages (including Haitian Creole, Hindi and Bengali), are available but are not guaranteed to be available at all times.

RVAMPO Title VI Coordinator:

The RVAMPO Title VI Coordinator is generally responsible for overseeing compliance with applicable nondiscrimination authorities in each of the metropolitan transportation planning and programming areas. Other staff members are expected to provide information and support to assist this staff member perform his or her tasks.

Responsibilities of Title VI Coordinator:

The Title VI Coordinator is responsible for monitoring staff activities pertaining to nondiscrimination regulations and procedures set forth in federal guidance and in accordance with the RVAMPO Title VI Plan. In support of this, the Title VI Coordinator will:

- Identify, investigate, and work to eliminate discrimination when found to exist.
- Process discrimination complaints received by the RVAMPO. Any individual may exercise his or her right to file a complaint with the RVAMPO, if that person believes that he or she or any other program beneficiaries have been subjected to discrimination, in their receipt of benefits/services or on the grounds of race, color, national origin, sex, handicap, age, or income status. The RVAMPO will make a concerted effort to resolve complaints in accordance with Discrimination Complaint Procedures.
- Meet with appropriate staff members to monitor and discuss progress, implementation, and compliance issues related to the RVAMPO Title VI Plan.
- Periodically review the RVAMPO Title VI Plan to assess whether administrative procedures are effective and adequate resources are available to ensure compliance.

- Work with staff involved with Consultant Contracts to ensure that all necessary Title VI provisions are included in consultant contracts as described in the Consultant Contracts section of this document.
- Review important issues related to nondiscrimination with the Executive Director, as needed.
- Maintain a list of Interpretation Service Providers.
- Assess communication strategies and address additional language needs when needed.
- Disseminate information related to the nondiscrimination authorities.
- Coordinate with appropriate federal, state, and regional entities to periodically provide RVAMPO employees with training opportunities regarding nondiscrimination as appropriate.

Questions:

For questions on the RVAMPO Title VI Plan and procedures, please contact Jeremy Holmes, Title VI Coordinator at (540) 343-4417 or by email at jholmes@rvarc.org. For more information about RVAMPO's work programs and publications, please see the RVARC website at www.rvarc.org.

RVAMPO Responsibilities:

The RVAMPO ensures compliance with all applicable nondiscrimination authorities and with regard to the following:

- Communications and Public Participation
- Planning and Programming
- Environmental Justice
- Consultant Contracts
- Education and Training

In addition to the responsibilities listed in this section, RVAMPO staff responsibilities may include reviewing Title VI guidelines and procedures for the RVAMPO Title VI Plan, and incorporating Title VI-related language and provisions into RVAMPO documents, as appropriate.

Communications and Public Participation Responsibilities:

RVAMPO staff is responsible for evaluating and monitoring compliance with applicable nondiscrimination authorities in all aspects of the RVAMPO public participation process. RVAMPO staff members will:

- Ensure that all communications and public participation efforts comply with nondiscrimination authorities.
- Provide services for individuals with special needs Upon advance notice, deaf interpreters, translators, and Braille documents can be provided for public meetings.

Notifications of opportunities for public participation will include contact information for people needing these or other special accommodations.

- Include contact conformation for people needing these or other special accommodations.
- Include the following statement in all of the RVAMPO public notices:

"The RVAMPO will strive to provide reasonable accommodations and services for persons who require special assistance to participate in this public involvement opportunity. Contact the Public Involvement and Community Outreach Administrator at (540) 343-4417 for more information.

• Include the following Title VI Statement to the Public in relevant press releases and on the RVAMPO website.

"The Roanoke Valley Area Metropolitan Planning Organization (RVAMPO) fully complies with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and related statutes and regulations in all programs and activities. For more information, or to obtain a Discrimination Complaint Form, see www.rvarc.org or call (540) 343-4417.

Planning and Programming Responsibilities:

The RVAMPO is responsible for developing long- and short-range transportation plans and programs to provide efficient transportation services for the RVAMPO Study Area. A comprehensive transportation process is used which entails the monitoring and collection of various data pertaining to transportation issues. The RVAMPO coordinates with VDOT, DRPT, cities, counties, and area transit agencies; seeks public participation; and provides technical support when needed. A public involvement strategy and guidelines for long-range transportation plan updates is included within the "RVAMPO and RVARC Public Involvement Policy updated June 2007".

RVAMPO staff is responsible for evaluating and monitoring compliance with applicable nondiscrimination authorities in all aspects of the RVAMPO planning and programming processes. RVAMPO staff will:

- Ensure that all aspects of the planning and programming process operation comply with nondiscrimination authorities.
- Prepare and update a demographic profile of the region using the most current and appropriate statistical information available on race, income, and other pertinent data.
- Make the document available to the public and member agencies on the RVAMPO website or in hard copy format, if requested.
- Continue to ensure that staff makes concerted efforts to involve members of all social, economic, and ethnic groups in the planning process.

Environmental Justice Responsibilities:

RVAMPO staff is responsible for evaluating and monitoring compliance with applicable nondiscrimination authorities in all aspects of the RVAMPO efforts to address Environmental Justice. RVAMPO staff will:

- Ensure that all aspects of efforts to address Environmental Justice comply with nondiscrimination authorities.
- Conduct an Environmental Justice analysis during the development of the Long-Range Transportation Plan.
- Prepare and update a demographic profile of the region using the most current and appropriate statistical information available on race, income, and other pertinent data.
- Disseminate information to the public on the processes used and findings of any analysis, in accordance with all RVAMPO public participation procedures.

Consultant Contracts:

The RVARC as fiscal agent and lead staffing agency to the RVAMPO is responsible for selection, negotiation, and administration of its consultant contracts. The RVARC complies with all relevant federal and state laws in contract selection.

RVARC staff is responsible for evaluating and monitoring consultant contracts for compliance with nondiscrimination authorities. RVARC staff will:

- Ensure inclusion of nondiscrimination language in contracts and Requests for Proposals (RFPs).
- Review consultants for compliance as described below:
 - Ensure that all consultants verify their compliance with nondiscrimination authorities, procedures, and requirements.
 - If a recipient or sub-recipients is found to be not in compliance with nondiscrimination authorities, the Title VI Coordinator and relevant staff will work with the recipient or sub-recipient to resolve the deficiency status and write a remedial action if necessary.
- Review outreach activities to ensure small, disadvantaged, minority, women, and disabled veteran businesses are not excluded to participate in opportunities to compete for consulting contracts.

Education and Training:

Under the category of education and training, nondiscrimination responsibilities include:

- Distribution of information to RVARC and RVAMPO staff on training programs regarding Title VI and related statutes.
- Maintain and update nondiscrimination training as necessary.
- Maintain and update the RVAMPO Title VI Plan as necessary.

<u>Discrimination Complaint Procedures:</u>

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, or national origin. Subsequent laws and Presidential Executive Orders added handicap, sex, age, income status and limited English proficiency to the criteria for which discrimination is prohibited, in programs and activities receiving federal financial assistance. As a sub-recipient of federal assistance, the RVAMPO has adopted a Discrimination Complaint Procedure as part of its Title VI Plan to comply with Title VI and associated statutes.

- 1. Any person who believes that he or she, individually, as a member of any specific class, or in connection with any disadvantaged business enterprise, has been subjected to discrimination prohibited by Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, or any nondiscrimination authority, may file a complaint with the RVAMPO. A complaint may also be filed by a representative on behalf of such a person. All complaints will be referred to the RVAMPO Title VI Coordinator for review and action.
- 2. In order to have the complaint considered under this procedure, the complainant must file the complaint no later than 180 days after:
 - a. The date of the alleged act of discrimination; or
 - b. Where there has been a continuing course of conduct, the date on which that conduct was discontinued.

In case, the recipient or his/her designee may extend the time for filing or waive the time limit in the interest of justice, specifying in writing the reason for so doing.

- 3. Complaints shall be in writing and shall be signed by the complainant and/or the complainant's representative. Complaints should set forth as fully as possible the facts and circumstances surrounding the claimed discrimination. In the event that a person makes a verbal complaint of discrimination to an officer or employee of the recipient, the person shall be interviewed by the Title VI Coordinator. If necessary, the Title VI Coordinator will assist the person in putting the complaint in writing and submit the written version of the complaint to the person for signature. The complaint shall then be handled in the usual manner.
- 4. Within 10 days, the RVAMPO Title VI Coordinator will acknowledge receipt of the allegation in writing, inform the complainant of action taken or proposed action to process the allegation,

advise the respondent of their rights under Title VI and related statutes, and advise the complainant of other avenues of redress available, such as the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) and the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA).

- 5. Within 10 days, a letter will be sent to the VDOT Central Office, Civil Rights Division, and a copy to the FHWA Virginia Division Office. This letter will list the names of the parties involved, the basis of the complaint, and the assigned investigator.
- 6. In the case of a complaint against the RVAMPO, a VDOT investigator will prepare a final investigative report and send it to the complainant, respondent (RVAMPO person listed), the RVAMPO Title VI Coordinator, and FHWA Virginia Division.
- 7. Generally, the following information will be included in every notification to the VDOT Office of Civil Rights:
 - a. Name, address, and phone number of the complainant.
 - b. Name(s) and address(es) of alleged discriminating official(s).
 - c. Basis of complaint (i.e., race, color, national origin, sex, age, handicap/disability, income status, limited English proficiency).
 - d. Date of alleged discriminatory act(s).
 - e. Date of complaint received by the recipient.
 - f. A statement of the complaint.
 - g. Other agencies (state, local or federal) where the complaint has been filed.
 - h. An explanation of the actions the recipient has taken or proposed to resolve the issue raised in the complaint.
- 8. Within 60 days, the RVAMPO Title VI Coordinator will conduct and complete an investigation of the allegation and based on the information obtained, will render a recommendation for action in a report of findings to the Executive Director of the recipient of federal assistance. The complaint should be resolved by informal means whenever possible. Such informal attempts and their results will be summarized in the report of findings.
- 9. Within 90 days of receipt of the complaint, the RVAMPO Title VI Coordinator will notify the complainant in writing of the final decision reached, including the proposed disposition of the matter. The notification will advise the complainant of his/her appeal rights with the Virginia Department of Transportation or the Federal Highway Administration, if they are dissatisfied with the final decision rendered by the RVAMPO. The RVAMPO's Title VI Coordinator will also provide the VDOT Civil Rights Central Office with a copy of the determination and report findings.
- 10. In the case a nondiscrimination complaint that was originated at the RVAMPO is turned over to and investigated by VDOT, FHWA or another agency, the RVAMPO Title VI Coordinator will

monitor the investigation and notify the complainant of updates, in accordance with applicable regulations and VDOT policies and procedures.

- 11. In accordance with federal law, the RVAMPO will require that applicants of federal assistance notify the RVAMPO of any law suits filed against the applicant or sub-recipients of federal assistance or alleging discrimination; and a statement as to whether the applicant has been found in noncompliance with any relevant civil rights requirements.
- 12. The RVAMPO will submit Title VI accomplishment reports to the VDOT Central Office, Civil Rights Division, in compliance with VDOT's established processes.
- 13. The RVAMPO will collect demographic data on staff, committees, and program areas in accordance with 23 CFR, 49 CFR and VDOT's established procedures and guidelines.
- 14. Pursuant to the Virginia Public Records Act (VPRA) § 42.1-76 et seq., the RVAMPO will retain Discrimination Complaint Forms and a log of all complaints filed with or investigated by the RVAMPO.
- 15. Records of complaints and related data will be made available by request in accordance with the Virginia Freedom of Information Act.

Discrimination Complaint Form:

Please provide the following information in order to process your complaint. Assistance is available upon request. Complete this form and mail or deliver to:

Roanoke Valley Area Metropolitan Planning Organization, Title VI Coordinator, 313 Luck Avenue, SW, Roanoke, VA 24016.

You can reach our office Monday-Friday from 8:30am to 5:00pm at (540) 343-4417, or you can email the RVAMPO Title VI Coordinator at iholmes@rvarc.org.

Complainant's Name:		
Street Address:		
City:	State:	Zip Code:
Telephone No. (Home):	(Business):
Email Address:		
Person discriminated Name:	against (if other than complaina	nt):
Street Address:		
City:	State:	Zip Code:
Telephone No.:		
The name and addre	ss of the agency, institution, o	department you believe discriminated
against you.		
Name:		
Street Address:		
City:	State:	Zip Code:
Date of incident result	ting in discrimination:	
· ·	-	happened and who was responsible? If form or attach extra sheets to form.
•	nvolve a specific individual(s) ass of the individual(s), if known.	ociated with the RVAMPO? If yes, please
Where did the incider	nt take place?	

Are there any witness	ses? it so, pieas	e provide their contact information:
Name:		
Street Address:		
City:	State:	Zip Code:
Telephone No.:		
Name:		
Street Address:		
City:	State:	Zip Code:
Telephone No.:		
Did you file this com	inlaint with an	other federal, state or local agency; or with a federal o
state court?	ipianie wien an	other reactar, state or rotal agency, or with a reactar o
Yes		No
	a each agency c	omplaint was filed with:
Federal Agence		omplant was nieu with.
	Ly	
Federal Court	-	
 Local Agency 		
 State Agency 		
Other		
•		
Please provide contac	ct person inforn	nation for the agency you also filed the complaint with:
Name:		
Street Address:		
City:	State:	Zip Code:
Date Filed:		
Sign the complaint i	in the space b	elow. Attach any documents you believe support you
complaint.		
·		
Complainant's Signat	ure	Signature Date